Code: 13A54302

B.Tech II Year I Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations June 2017

MATHEMATICS - III

(Common to EEE, ECE and EIE)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) Write any two properties of beta function.
- (b) Compute the value of $\Gamma(-1/2)$.
- (c) Show that $p_1(x) = x$.
- (d) State the orthogonal property of Bessels differential equation.
- (e) Check whether $u(x, y) = \sin x \cosh y$ is harmonic function.
- (f) Discuss about a Transformation w = z + c, where 'c' is complex constant.
- (g) Evaluate $\int_{C} e^{z} dz$ where C is |z| = 1.
- (h) Expand $f(z) = e^z$ in Taylor's series about z = 1.
- (i) Find the residue at z =1 of the function $f(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)^2}$.
- (j) State Cauchy's residue theorem.

PART - B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

2 (a) Prove that
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{n-1} e^{-kx} dx = \frac{\Gamma n}{k^n} (n > 0, k > 0)$$
.

(b) Prove that
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} Sin^{2m-1}\theta \cos^{2n-1}\theta \ d\theta = \frac{\beta(m,n)}{2}.$$

OR

Solve in Series the equation
$$x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = 0$$

UNIT – II

4 (a) Prove that
$$\frac{d}{dx} [x J_n(x) J_{n+1}(x)] = x [J_n^2(x) - J_{n+1}^2(x)].$$

(b) Express $J_5(x)$ in terms of $J_0(x)$ and $J_1(x)$.

OR

5 State and prove the Rodrigues formula of Legendre Polynomials.

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UNIT - III

6 (a) State and prove the Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar form.

(b) If f(z) = u + iv is Analytic function of z, find f(z) if $2u + v = e^{2x} [(2x + y)\cos 2y + (x - 2y)\sin 2y]$

OR

7 (a) Find the bilinear Transformation which maps the points $z = \infty$, i, 0 into the points w = -1, -i, 1.

(b) Discuss about the Transformation $w = z^2$

UNIT - IV

8 (a) Evaluate $\int_{c}^{c} \frac{\sin^{2} z}{\left(z - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{3}} dz$, where c is the circle |z| = 1.

(b) Verify cauchy's theorem for the integral of z^3 taken over the boundary of the rectangle with vertices -1,1,1+i,-1+i

OR

9 Find the Laurent series expansion of $\frac{z^2 - 6z - 1}{(z - 1)(z - 3)(z + 2)}$ in the region 3 < |z + 2| < 5

UNIT - V

10 (a) Evaluate $\int_{c} \frac{dz}{(z^2+4)^2}$, using residue theorem, where c: |z-i|=2

(b) Determine the Residue of the function $f(z) = \frac{z+1}{z^2(z-2)}$ at each pole.

OR

11 Show that $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{1 - 2a\cos\theta + a^2} = \frac{2\pi a^2}{1 - a^2}$ where $a^2 < 1$
